

## THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1886.

### BIOGRAPHICAL.

One hundred and fifty-four years ago George Washington was born. For further particulars see Cyclopaedia.

At some places in the extreme west the Chinese are giving notice that they will not trade with dealers who take any part in the anti-Chinese movement. This boycotting business is very contagious and Chinese are very imitative.

The last words spoken by John B. Gough were, "Young man, make your record clean." Noble words from the lips of a noble man. They were uttered with a power that startled the great audience, and instantly his hand fell upon his chest, he fell to the floor, and the lips of John B. Gough were forever sealed.

Thomas A. Edison is thought to have cleared two millions out of the electrical favours. His purchase of a rural residence at four hundred thousand dollars cash, to take his forthcoming bride to, is regarded by his intimate friends as no great extravagance. In appearance he is a clean shaven man, youthful in face and so nearly dead that a talker has little fun in making himself understood.

In 1855 the total amount of salt consumed in the United States was \$350,000,000 of five bushels each, aggregating 2,700,000,000 pounds, or about 50 pounds to every individual in the country. The foreign importation was 3,100,000 barrels. Michigan salines are set down for 3,300,000 barrels, and the other eleven salt producing states of the union furnished their quota as follows: New York, 1,740,000 barrels; West Virginia, 200,000; Ohio, 530,000; California, 176,000; Pennsylvania, 230,000; Utah, 95,000; Virginia, 30,000; Louisiana, 330,000; Kentucky, 16,000; Illinois, 50,000, and Massachusetts 1,900.

Emigration statistics for the part of New York for 1885 show a falling off in arrivals compared with 1884. In that year 354,702 aliens landed there, and in 1885, 291,066. If the proportion of decrease has been the same at other ports the total for the present twelvemonth will be considerably below that of last year which was 318,592. Not since 1875 has the immigration been so small. The cause is not easily found, but doubtless the hard times in the United States had much to do with it. Be that as it may, the falling off will not cause great public concern, for the prevailing opinion now-a-days is that "Uncle Sam is not rich enough to give them all a farm."

### THE DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

A Madison correspondent of the Milwaukee Sentinel has been writing up democratic state politics, and after some labor has brought forth a state ticket which he says meets with the most favor. It is as follows:

Governor—G. M. Woodward, LaCrosse.  
Lieutenant Governor—Col. G. W. Dyer, Jefferson.

Secretary of State—Capt. Wm. Priest, Jefferson.  
Treasurer—Theodore Kemmer, Calumet.  
Attorney General—John A. Gaynor, Wausau.  
Railroad Commissioner—John A. Arnold, Eau Claire.  
Insurance Commissioner—A. J. Langworthy, Milwaukee.

Coming down to facts and sober talking, there is no telling, who will be nominated for state officers by the democracy. The work of a democratic state convention is as uncertain as the verdict of a jury. But probably Mr. Woodward, would run as well as any other democrat excepting, possibly, John Lawler, of Prairie du Chien, who is one of the strongest democrats in the state, and whose business integrity, purity of private character, and constant generosity command the respect of all men. But Mr. Lawler says he will not take it because his business interests are too great to sacrifice for a political office. The correspondent then ventures this statement: "With new born hope of the possession of Federal patronage, there will be more scrambling to get on the ticket than has been seen for many years, and the calculations of the Madison circle may not be realized. One remarkable feature of the situation is the meekness of the Democratic candidate, who says they want nothing, but of whom the countrymen are suspicious. It is thought by some that the state is more of a feeler than anything else, and that the Madison crowd sees better chances of success by not coming forward until the preliminary skirmish has left dead or wounded on the field some of the many candidates now aspiring to occupy places on the democratic state ticket."

Speaking about Vilas the correspondent indulges in this: "A prominent democrat from one of the party's strongholds, who was in the city a few days ago, talked over the situation with a select few and declared very emphatically that Mr. Vilas had made no friends in his part of the state. He remarked that the talk about Vilas not being a candidate for senator might go for what it was worth, but as far as election for too assembly and senatorial districts that he knew of were concerned, they would be taken care of most handsomely, whether Vilas came out or not as a candidate for senator. The legislative nominees would be compelled to pledge themselves against Vilas' 'rotten and nil, first, last and all the time,' regardless of any statements that official might make to allay suspicion among those who would oppose him if he were a candidate."

All these statements and speculations may count for nothing, and probably they do. There is no telling what the democrats will do when the convention meets. There are a good many hangers-on to the party who would like to go on the state ticket just for the reputation it would give them. There is no hope for a democratic state ticket this year. There is no reason why one should be elected.

### AN IMPORTANT EDUCATIONAL REPORT.

One of the most important reports issued by the national government is that of the commissioner of education, whose voluminous report for 1885-86 has been received. It covers the entire field occupied by the common schools of the country, and for this reason the work is of special interest. It appears that the school population is for 38 states, 16,510,463; for 10 territories, 283,930, or a total of 16,794,402; enrollment in public schools (38 states), 10,572,751; (10 territories), 155,441, or a total enrollment of 10,728,192; daily average attendance (38 states), 5,590,582; (3 territories), 103,945, or a total average attendance of 5,694,527. As to the enrollment in public schools, the number of private schools, as reported for 22 states and 2 territories, viz: 606,517, it will be seen that 11,344,709 youth, or 67 per cent of the school population, have been brought under instruction during the year. Eighteen different school ages are reported, the longest being from 4 years of age to 21, the shortest from 8 to 16. The number of public school teachers reported, all states and territories included, is 807,854. Thirty four states and seven territories make a distinction of sex in reporting this item. For the former the number of male teachers is 101,907; of female teachers, 170,693; for the latter the numbers are, respectively, 1,476 and 3,155. The average salary of teachers per month is reported from all the states, excepting Arkansas, Florida, Georgia and Texas, and from all the territories excepting Indian territory. In those states in which no distinction of sex is made in reporting this item (viz: Alabama, Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, New York, North Carolina and Tennessee), the average salary ranges from \$27.57 (in Kentucky) to \$47.75 (in Missouri). It should be noted that the report from Kentucky includes only white county schools. In this state the average salary for teachers in the city graded schools for whites is \$71.25. For the states not included in the foregoing statement the lowest average salary per month is, for men, \$26.92 (South Carolina); for women, \$10.23 (Maine). Nevada reports the highest salaries: for men, \$140.90; for women, \$90.01. In the territories average salaries for men range from \$28.80 (Utah) to \$21.27 (District of Columbia); for men, from \$38.43 (Arizona) to \$91.13 (District of Columbia). The annual salary depends upon the length of the school year, which varies from an average of seventy-eight days in Tennessee to 210 days in Arizona.

The commissioner then gives the items of public school income, expenditure, and property for 1882, 1883 and 1884, which is as follows:

Income: 1882, \$34,927,188; 1883, \$37,907,730; 1884, \$110,267,507; total increase for the two years, \$14,260,370.  
Expenditure: 1882, \$91,138,030; 1883, \$97,844,521; 1884, \$110,267,507; total increase for the two years, \$12,714,683.  
Public school property: 1882, \$210,562,197; 1883, \$221,944,168; 1884, \$240,638,410; total increase for the two years, \$24,076,219.

In the report is also found this item: The following states have, by special enactment, made instruction in the effects of alcoholic liquors obligatory: New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, New York, and Michigan. In some other states, as, for instance, Massachusetts, instruction in physiology, hygiene, and temperance has long been required.

In regard to education in the south the report says that the total white population of 16 states and the District of Columbia is 4,216,676; enrollment in public schools 2,646,448; colored school population 2,032,928; enrollment 1,002,313. Total public school expenditure for both races, \$17,033,467. For the further instruction of the colored race there are reported 66 normal schools or normal departments, with 360 instructors and 10,771 students; 47 institutions for secondary instruction, having 226 teachers and 8,695 students; 21 universities and colleges, having 178 teachers and 3,177 students; 26 schools of theology, with 79 teachers and 800 students; 4 schools of law, with 15 teachers and 99 students; 3 schools of medicine, with 25 teachers and 141 students; and 7 schools for the deaf and dumb and the blind, having 29 teachers and 123 students. The total provision for the instruction of the colored race in the section considered is, including public schools, 17,707 institutions, in which there is a total enrollment of 1,026,119 pupils.

Several points on spring have already come to hand. They will be put in the fire as soon as the weather thaws them out so they will burn.

Occasionally the compositor makes an error which changes the appearance more than the sense. Such a mistake is seen in one of our exchanges where the type setter slipped in an h before the last word in the sentence—"he was led to the matrimonial altar."

Item for fresh-fledged doctors. The presence of diseases and the absence of physicians in the East Indies make that desirable portion of the earth a veritable island in which to locate—professional visits are there rewarded with a fee of five dollars with other services in proportion. A shortage also exists in the stock of dentists and surgeons; and all business in this line is very profitable.

N. B. Money is scarce over there and credit is the basis of all transactions.

A joker in New York City sent the railroad freight agents an inquiry as to their best terms for shipping several hundred tons of iron to Omaha, with the request that they would call at a specified place with the figures. At the time mentioned the agents found they had gathered at a private insane asylum. A wag of this kind ought to be executed on the ground that the wages of sin is death.

### SWEEPED BY RAGING FLAMES.

WILMINGTON, N. C., LOSSES ALL ITS BUSINESS DISTRICT.

A Million Dollars' Worth of Property Laid Waste—The Fire Still Burning, but Under Control—Hundreds of Homeless People Through the Streets.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 22.—Disasters recovered here report the disastrous fire broke out in Wilmington, N. C., about noon Sunday in the warehouse of the Clyde line of steamers. The fire, the official said, spread by a high wind, spread rapidly and threatened to destroy the principal and most populous portion of the city. At 1 p. m. the fire was still raging, with little prospect of getting it under control. This morning communication with Wilmington was entirely cut off early in the evening and details of the disastrous results of the fire will probably not reach here soon.

PETERSBURG, Va., Feb. 22.—The Sunday quiet at Wilmington, N. C., was broken about noon by the cries of fire, and in an incredible short time thick and dense clouds of smoke and flames were seen issuing from the storage-house of the Clyde Steamship company, on the wharf, in which an immense quantity of freight was stored. The fire department soon got to work, but as the wind was blowing at a velocity of fifty miles an hour, it was powerless to stay the flames. The fire spread with great rapidity, burning sparks being carried in every direction by the strong gale of wind, which continued until dark. The warehouse was about 100 feet long and about seventy-five feet wide, and was valued at \$5,500.

The fire first spread up Water street, destroying nearly all the houses and stores on both sides of that thoroughfare. It next took in its course Main street, the principal business portion of town, destroying most of the buildings on both sides of the street. Located on Main street is the freight warehouse of the Atlantic Coast line of railroad, and also the office of the president of the line, that of the general manager, general superintendent, general freight and passenger agent, treasurer, and other officials, and telegraph office, all of which are in the same building. This building, together with the warehouse, was consumed, with nearly all of its contents. The wires of the Western Union telegraph office, on Main street, were burned in two, and in order to keep up their communication a force of hands are now working two miles outside of the town putting in a temporary office for connection north. At 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon Goldsboro, a town on the Wilmington and Goldsboro railroad, eight miles south of Wilmington, was approached for help. At 6:30 p. m. a special train with all the fire apparatus of the town was sent to the scene of conflagration.

At 8 o'clock at night the fire was still burning, but now believed to be under control. It is impossible to estimate the loss or give the names of the losers, but the loss can not be less than \$1,000,000. The whole town is in a state of perfect confusion, and the streets are thronged with people, hundreds of whom are homeless. All south bound trains over the Atlantic Coast line will stop at Rocky Point, a small village about four miles north of Wilmington, one of the most flourishing towns in the south, and has a population of about 30,000.

### Liquor Store Destroyed.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 22.—The wholesale liquor store of Thomas Pollard, 1019 Liberty street, was totally destroyed by fire Sunday morning at 1 o'clock. The fire spread to the roofs of the buildings occupied by the Avena Tanning company and Joseph Hurckley & Co., wholesale flour merchants. The loss of the latter is principally by water. The estimated losses are: Thomas Pollard, \$60,000; Joseph Hurckley, \$10,000; Avena Tanning company, \$5,000; buildings, \$20,000; partially insured.

### Must Wait Till They Reach the Other Shore.

GALVESTON, Tex., Feb. 22.—Moody and Sankey began their meetings in this city Sunday night at 10 o'clock. The first night of the kind, before the largest audience of the kind ever assembled in this city. The colored people have taken umbrage at the special hour set aside for them in the morning, and refuse to attend any of the meetings. The programing reads: "Services at 8 a. m. for Christians; 10:30 a. m. for colored people; 3 p. m. for women; 7 p. m. for men." The colored brethren are violent at what they call the snubbing of their meetings. As a result of their action Moody has abandoned the 10:30 meetings, and the colored brethren are left out altogether.

### A Sheriff Closes a Mob.

HENRICKS, Texas, Feb. 22.—At 4 p. m. Saturday a mob forced its way into the jail and took Sheriff A. A. Wiegand, who is charged with the arrest and confinement of the mob. They took him to the street and strung him up. When he had been hanging a few minutes the sheriff, G. C. Wright, forced his way through the crowd, pistol in hand, and shot to kill the first man who laid hands on him, cut down the prisoner and took him back to jail, where he (the prisoner) is now lying in a maniac. He will probably be lynched.

### Imported Labor Striking.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The striking hewers at Williams Bridge met Saturday and resolved to prevent the introduction of other hewers. The hewers work on the city's supply of water with the Nottingham works and unskilled by avoiding the duty. Englishmen were brought here, and after a year and a half's experience they struck for higher wages and, receiving an abject refusal, went on strike. The hewers were then brought over, and they have struck against a reduction of 10 per cent in their wages and the factory is closed.

### Awarded Twenty-five Per Cent.

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 22.—In the United States district court Saturday, Samuel Kaiser, of Fort Worth, was awarded a verdict for \$35,000 against the firm of H. B. Clinton & Co., of New York. Kaiser sued for \$100,000 damages, on the ground that the firm had attacked his stock and ruined his business and credit before his indebtedness to H. B. Clinton & Co. had matured.

### Expelled for Making Concessions.

PETERSBURG, Feb. 22.—At a special meeting of the Western Union telegraph board in this city Saturday it was unanimously decided to expel the Junction Iron company, of Mingo, Ohio, from membership in the association, on account of that company having recently accepted of the demand of the city of Petersburg for a concession of the right to locate—professional visits are there rewarded with a fee of five dollars with other services in proportion. A shortage also exists in the stock of dentists and surgeons; and all business in this line is very profitable.

### Downs Built Up Again.

BOSTON, Feb. 22.—Ray W. Downs has just J. P. Lord & Co., 40 Union street, and A. E. Jeanett, 57 Green street, for \$5,000 each for libel in advertising in a pamphlet containing a doggerel rhyme on the Boston Squab church scandal. Their property has been attached.

### THE BLOOD MAKES THE ENTIRE CIRCULAT.

of the body every seven minutes, and whenever this circulation is impeded, or any of its channels are clogged by impurities, disease follows—fever or a disorder of the liver or kidneys, or scrofula or dyspepsia. To get at and remove the source of the difficulty, use the infallible blood purifier, Dr. Richmond's Sanguinaria Nervine. Sold by Prentice & Evenson.

Wolf, buffalo and goat robes, at James A. Fathens, corner Court and Main streets.

### BOYCOTTING THE PRESS.

Knight of Labor Declare War on the Kansas City Journal.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Feb. 22.—Large bodies of Knights of Labor of this city Sunday began a well-organized and systematic campaign of boycotting the sale of The Kansas City Journal, which arrived here at 11 o'clock in large packages to the newsdealers. Active work in boycotting The Journal began here three weeks ago, when consumers waited upon newsdealers, and notified them, under the penalty of the loss of trade of the entire organization, to withdraw their patronage from The Journal. All of the newsdealers but the two largest complied. Sunday as the Kansas City mail arrived, a body of men numbering fully 150 congregated by what was clearly a preconcerted plan and received a bundle of 500 copies of The Kansas City Times, the rival of The Journal, which they at once began to call over the city, applying the waste of the reading public with The Times against The Journal. Newsboys were also brought over to the Journal. A large body in front of each of the news stands loaded customers off. The effort proved very effective, as some very influential citizens were among them. The boycott of the Journal will be followed up until The Journal's circulation and patronage, which is very large here, is ruined. Their journal, The Boycotter, of Kansas City, is being regularly mailed all over the city.

### MUSCLE IS A MONARCH.

Sullivan, the Conquering Hero at Portland, Me.—The Sluggish's Meddler.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 22.—John L. Sullivan proved a better drawing card Saturday night than Gough, Beecher or Blaine. For twenty-four hours he was a great lion. He was met at the depot by a vast crowd, which caused the police much trouble, and at the United States hotel, where he stopped, another crowd blocked the corridors and stairways so that the police had to be called. In disgust Sullivan drove to the Palmont, and was given the entire ground floor. Every time he appeared on the streets he was followed by a big crowd, and finally hid himself in his room and refused to see his admirers. A large number of people was gathered at a reception and dinner, but declined both.

### Mayor Grace Lectures on the Irish.

BOSTON, Feb. 22.—Mayor W. R. Grace, of New York, lectured at the Boston theatre Sunday night before 3,500 people on "The Irish in America." The proceeds will go to the Garney hospital fund. The lecturer gave an extensive review of the causes of Irish immigration, of the alien, sedition and naturalization laws of 1792 and 1793, which drove all the Irish into the Democratic camp, and of the anti-Irish feeling, extending from 1830 to 1855, which kept them there. He deplored the tendency of the Irish to settle in large cities, advocated Irish colonization on farms in the west and gave Irish American assistance the main credit for Ireland's success in securing the immediate prospects of Irish home rule.

### Wholesale Arrests That Are Deplored.

SANTA FE, N. M., Feb. 22.—The United States grand jury, after a session of three weeks, adjourned Saturday. Over eighty cases of alleged fraud and entries were examined. Two alleged offenders had all been bound over by a United States commissioner to appear. About 150 witnesses had been subpoenaed and great expense had been incurred, but only two indictments in connection with land frauds were found. In its unanimous report the grand jury said that it deplored the wholesale arrest of citizens of this district, and great expense to the government and without result. The jury was composed of respectable and good citizens, and the charges of wholesale land frauds made by special land agents were not sustained.

### Starving Fishermen.

MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—M. E. Gault, M. P., has received the following dispatch from James J. Louche, a merchant of Paspéguet: "Fishermen here are in a very bad state. The fishermen are starving. Lawlessness prevails and the local authorities are powerless. They have asked the Quebec government to send a force of soldiers to the coast, but no satisfaction is obtainable. Could you assist in pressing immediate action on the part of the government, other raids are expected." Mr. Gault has accordingly telegraphed Attorney General Fallon with regard to the matter.

### Whipping It Up for the Saloons.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Feb. 22.—The Law and Order league has inaugurated another vigorous campaign against the saloons of this city. Within the past two days applications against a large number of saloonkeepers have been filed before Judge Stanton, and up to Saturday evening one hundred and twenty saloons have been served, returnable Monday. It is said to be the determination of the league to let no saloon escape this time. This action of the temperance people has caused no little commotion in the community, and the outcome is looked for with much interest.

### Sullivan Challenges Smith.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The conference held in Boston on Friday last between William G. Harding, representing William C. Fox and John L. Sullivan, resulted in the sending of a letter to George W. Atkinson, of the London Sporting Life, together with articles of agreement for Sullivan's fight. The agreement was to fight Sullivan for \$10,000 up or without gloves to a finish in a twenty-four foot ring. Sullivan favors the United States or Ireland, but will fight anywhere the match can be fought to the end.

### Burial of John G. Thompson.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 22.—The last rites over the remains of John G. Thompson, who died on the 10th inst. in St. Louis, W. T., took place Saturday from the family residence on North High street in this city. Rev. Francis E. Marston, of the First Presbyterian church, conducted the funeral services, assisted by other members of the city. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. The remains were placed in a vault at Green Lawn cemetery.

### Sagacity of a Shepherd Dog.

In New Mexico an agent of the ranchman paid his semi-annual visit to a distant grazing ground only to find the pastures or sheep herder dead and the sheep quietly feeding in a fertile canyon near by, jealously guarded by his dog. In the rear of the corral, into which the sheep were driven every night, lay the bleaching skeletons of a dozen or more sheep.

Amazed at the sagacity of the dog, the ranchman secured himself and waited until night. As the sun began to sink the sheep came trooping in, with the dog in the rear. They crowded into the corral through a narrow opening, and as the last one pushed forward the dog seized and killed him, and dragged the lifeless body to the rear of the corral, where he made a comfortable supper off a portion of the carcass, leaving the balance for future meals. He had been doing this ever since the death of his master, and would probably have continued his guardianship over the flock until he died.—Chicago Herald.

### FREE TRIAL.

Thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, mental and physical exhaustion, loss of vitality, prostration, results of indigestion, excessive or irregular sexual intercourse, or any other cause, cured by NERVENA. Strong faith that it will cure every case promptly or send a trial package on receipt of 10 cents for postage. See Dr. A. G. Gilman, 19 E. Washington St., Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

### ROBBING THE ORPHANS,

AND POCKETING THOUSANDS OF THE ILL-GOTTEN MONEY.

Expose of a Very Extensive Swindle in Pennsylvania—The Soldiers' Orphan Schools Run for All They Were Worth by Rascally Managers, It Is Alleged.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 22.—A morning paper publishes a six-column article on the management of the soldiers' orphan schools of Pennsylvania, which alleges not only official discrimination, neglect and corruption, but also a syndicate is profiting at the rate of \$50,000 a year in the management of the schools. A voluminous array of figures taken from the books of the institution and from those of the soldiers' orphan department of the state are given to support the allegations. The article says: "Though the war ended twenty-one years ago, and though all the children whose fathers died on the field of battle have long since passed their majority, the soldiers' orphan schools are still maintained by annual appropriations from the legislative body, mainly for the enrichment of a few men whose names are well known in the lobby at Harrisburg. Strange as it may seem, yet nevertheless it is true that a syndicate headed by ex-Senator George Wright, of Mercer, Pa., profited at the rate of about \$50,000 a year upon the management of four schools located at Mt. Joy, Mercer, McAllisterville and Chester Springs."

The state pays a specific amount per week for each child admitted to schools under private management, and the state laws require that the children shall be fed and clothed in addition to their instruction in educational and industrial pursuits. The expense of the management of the schools has been largely dissipated. When this fact was called to the attention of the state superintendent of soldiers' orphan schools, Rev. E. H. Higbee, he remarked: "Well, I guess they got more than they would have got at home." In some of the syndicate schools children are packed together in bed-rooms and in school-rooms like herring. At McAllisterville the boys, building was found to be in a state of decay. At Mercer, in consequence of the excessive methods of the management some of the boys carried in phlegm—two boys to each barrel. At Chester Springs some wealthy live in three or four months or more upon some pretext. Twelve children were crowded into a level at Mount Joy to sleep, while rooms capable of comfortably accommodating sixty children at Mansfield were vacant. But Mount Joy was run by the syndicate and Mansfield was not. While Chester Springs was run in one way, the sum of \$18 per week per capita was paid for feeding the children, but when Wright, Paul and George H. Pearson bought the schools last June Wright said he and his partners would make their children seem to have been subordinated to a most heartless grab for profit and this evil influence has been carried to such an extent that a premium of \$20 a head has been paid to agents to recruit children for various schools. It is because of this competition and because of the comparative scarcity of orphans that the schools are now half filled with children whose parents are living. Of the \$500,000 appropriated annually by the state to pay for feeding, clothing and educating these wards of the state it is calculated that nearly \$60,000 is absorbed in excessive profits.

### AN OTTAWA, ILL., TRAGEDY.

Slashed to Death with a Hand-Saw—The Mariner Captured.

OTTAWA, Ill., Feb. 22.—At Homer village, a few miles southeast of Ottawa, Clarence J. Sears, over 30 years of age, had some trouble with his wife upon the subject of religion. He came down to the house Sunday afternoon with a hand-saw in his hand and a suit of mail. He begged for mercy and ran into a bedroom and tried to fasten the door, but he forced his way in, and slashed her so fearfully that she died a couple of hours later. In the morning the building was burned, but the body was not found. An inquest was held by the coroner, the result being that Sears was committed to the county jail without bail.

### That Cincinnati Investigation.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 22.—The senate committee has looked horns over the proposition of the three Republican members to take photographs of the saloons of Cincinnati, daily visits of Fourth Ward A. now in the hands of the chairman of the committee. The Democratic senators hold that the original poll book is the best testimony before the committee, and that the Republicans, having that, have all the testimony, and intimate that it is sought to get photographs for campaigning purposes. The Republican senators say that the forgeries, alteration of figures and other evidence in different schools are facts that only appear upon the face of the book, and can be best, and in fact only, presented in their report to the senate by the fact similar, and they propose to set all their rights are recognized. The question will probably be referred to the arbitrators, Judge Thurman and Mr. Harrison, of Columbus.

### Popular and Fatal Accident.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Feb. 22.—The 5-year-old son of S. Schmidt, of this city, lost his life about 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon by a strange accident. At the hour mentioned Mrs. Schmidt was at work on the upper story, when she heard her child crying "Mother, mother," from the back steps. Two minutes later she saw what the child wanted, and going to the steps found the little fellow lying at the foot with a butcher knife in his mouth, the point of which had cut the tongue, and entering the back part of the neck, had severed the jugular vein, causing death in a few minutes. It is supposed the child had picked up the knife, and with it in his mouth had tried to go up the steps, when he fell, with the result as stated.

### Hillside Coal Miners Organized.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 22.—The coal miners of Springfield, Mass., and the Leominster and Fitchburg districts, organized a permanent organization by electing the following officers: President, James Waldron, of Barre; vice president, Edward Conington, of Springfield; secretary and treasurer, Frank Kelly, of Springfield. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the operators for the present high prices of supplies, and pledging themselves to establish a miners' control supply depot and charges for supplies were made more reasonable. The miners favor eight hours for a day's work and protest against the custom of starting saloons near coal mines.

### Wreck of a River Dam.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 22.—A \$50,000 granite dam, 250 feet across the Chippewa river, two miles above Chippewa falls, owned by J. H. Southworth, of this city, gave way Saturday afternoon, and will cause a loss to the owner of \$30,000.

### Delicate Diseases of either sex, however induced, rapidly and radically cured.

Address, in confidence, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

### If we would have powerful minds, we must think; if powerful muscles, we must labor; if sound lungs, we must take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25c.

For cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, frost bites and chilblains nothing equals Salvo's Ointment. It annihilates pain. Price 25c a bottle.

### AMUSEMENTS.

MYERS' OPERA HOUSE. C. E. MOSELEY, MANAGER.

MONDAY, EVENING FEB. 22D.

26th Successful Season.

Howorth's Double Show!

BIJOUERIE.

Comedy and Specialty Co.

In the latest and most successful farcical comedy, re-written for this season.

The 2 Dans

Or the Comedy of Blunders.

Suggested by Shakespeare's Comedy of Errors, by the strongest and best comedy and specialty company ever with this wonderful combination. Everything new, novel and sparkling. New and elegant scenery, and a most grand and magnificent, especially for this season. \$20,000 invested in this alone. Howorth's 6—Great Comedies, 6—The Bi-Jouerie—4—The Emerald Gems—2—Doubtless Dens—2. The finest and lowest ticket money ever paid. Each member an artist and each an actor. Popular Prices, 25c, 50c and 50c.

### JANESVILLE.

Thermo-Therapeutic

BATHS.

NOBROSS' BLOCK RIVER ST., JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Mrs. Anna P. & Mr. M. A. Norris



## MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

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# Hardware and Stoves!

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**WEST POINT** is recognized as the leading square stove, rich in design, perfect in construction. It will give more heat with same coal than any stove made.

**JEWEL RANGES.** Six sizes and styles burns coal and wood equally well; keeps fire continually. Minimum cost for fuel and repairs.

**DON'T FAIL** to use Perfection Weather Strip. Easily applied, very durable, equals double window. To be had only at our store.

**WORLD'S JEWEL** New and sectional and revolving, self-cleaning fire pots.

**CUTLERY.** American and English. Shears, Table Cutlery and Carvers. We have triple plated Knives and Forks at \$3.00 per dozen.

**HANDLED AXES** \$9.00 each. Warrented saws, painted and brace frame 75c; Wring-

**WIRE NAILS** Better and cheaper than cut nails; being adopted by builders and box makers.


**GOLD COIN** Surface Barber is not beaten.

**NEW CASTLE** All cast coal stoves, \$9.00.

**Star Roller Skates** Club and rink. Full line repairing. Full club roller skates, \$3.50.

# HANCHETT & SHELDON.

## Hardware and Cutlery



**TIN WORK OF ALL KINDS!**

**METCALF & GOWDEY.**  
31 West Milwaukee St.

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**CREAT**

# Clearing Sale!

to make room for an immense Spring Stock, we will during the  
next 30 days make a grand clearing sale of all

# WINTER GOODS

We want to clean out every dollar of winter goods and will do so if prices are any object—our well known policy of selling goods for what they are worth, has been the means of thronging our store, with eager buyers dur-

g the fall season, and we are determined for the Spring trade to surpass  
r previous efforts, in satisfying the people of Rock County that we are  
e only genuine Bargain Store in Janesville.

**REAL BARGAINS**

Men's Boys' and Children's Clothing.  
Dry Goods, Flannels, Blankets.

Valises, Trunks, Table and Pocket Cutlery,  
Posiory for Gents, Ladies and Children.

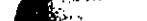
il Cloths, Table Linens, Towelings,  
Lace Curtains, Silks, Satins  
Velvets, Shawls, Cloaks,

Stationery, Tinware, Glassware,  
Crocery, Wooden-ware Picture Frames,  
Hats, Caps, Jewelry, Lamps  
and 1001 other articles, which to take space to mention would fill this page.

N. B. Every purchaser of \$1.00 and upwards will as a memento of sale be presented with a large handsome Chromo, framed ready to hang up.

**CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE**  
 Corner of West Milwaukee and River Streets, Bennett's Block, Janeville  
 "Be sure and get in the right store."

**20 YEARS'**  
**DEVOTED TO THE TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES.**



of patients enables me to cure every curable case. Those afflicted with Lung or Throat Disease, Heart, Liver or Kidney Disease, Nervous Prostration, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Scrophulous Indigestion, make

and female, Cancers, Old Sores, Tumors, or any Chronic Ailment, are invited to call and examine my record of cases cured when hope of a cure had been ABANDONED.

sonable in my charges, and never encourage without a surety of success.

**DR. F. B. BREWER**

Residence:

Jamesville, Wis., Myer: house, on Saturday, the 13th of March. Adf  
all letters to Dr. F. B. Brewer, Evanston Ill.



## MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS


**P. W. L. Blood, P. & E.**

# IRON INSOL

in a bad condition of the blood. It is a certain preventive and cure for Fever and Ague, and all persons of sedentary habits, and those troubled with sleeplessness, - la-gor, or indisposition to exercise, will derive great relief from its use. Promptly will follow its use in cases of low its use in cases of sudden expansion and it will move a valuable

**PERUVIAN**  
A preparation of Peru-  
vian Bark, Serravallo's Wine,  
and Iron. This remedy  
purifies and nourishes  
the blood, invigorates  
the whole system, and  
is especially beneficial  
in cases of Nervous De-  
bility, Liver and Kidney  
Complaints, Loss of  
Appetite, Dyspepsia,  
Neuralgia, Headache,  
Itching of the skin, and

**D. W. L. Plead D. & F.**



**CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS.**  
 I am now located in my new three story brick building and have the largest and finest stock of Buggies, Carriages and Sleighs in southern Wisconsin and at prices that defy competition.

**W. BUCHHOLZ and wife**  
**Call and examine work.**  
**HERMAN BUCHHOLZ.**

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**ONLY \$10**  
 For a Lady's Solid Gold Watch  
 Gents' do. \$19. (The Waterbury  
 Watch Co. 211 N. 2nd. St. Minn.)  
 5000 Ladies' Solid Gold do. at the  
 same price. By mail \$7.50. The  
 Watch Co. by mail. Address, B. F. GOLDMAN,  
 Harbaco, Wis.

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**POULTRY YARD**

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**THE SUMMER'S FRIEND**  
 Sure & Positive cure for  
 CATARRH and kindred troubles.  
 W. Weinst. Ant. By mail 50c & 1. Send for  
 testimonials. Kenora Compounding Co., P. O.  
 Box 12, Raysville, Mass.

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 be easily made: no canvassing; fascinating  
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**HOME LIFE CO. P. O. Box 1111, Boston, Mass.**

**W**e want **SALSMON** everywhere, local and  
 traveling to sell our **SALES**. Will  
 give money and all expenses. Write for  
 terms at once, and attach **SALES** **SALES**.  
**STANDARD SILVER WARE COMPANY, Bos-**  
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**Home Treatment.**  
 Any reader of this paper who may be suffer-  
 ing from nervous debility, chronic weakness

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**THE LINE SELECTED BY THE U. S. GOV.  
 TO CARRY THE FAST MAIL.**

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Free of charge, a postage bank check will  
fully the proper treatment of all such ailments,  
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I have a positive remedy for the above disease, if you  
will send me the enclosed card, I will send you  
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card the name of the patient, I will send you  
the medicine at once. It is a secret, it is a  
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either by way of Omaha, Pacific Union, Atchafalaya or  
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**NEBRASKA, KANSAS, COLORADO**  
With branch lines to their important cities and

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